



***Whamcloud***

## **Lustre 2.16 and Beyond**

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# Planned Feature Release Highlights

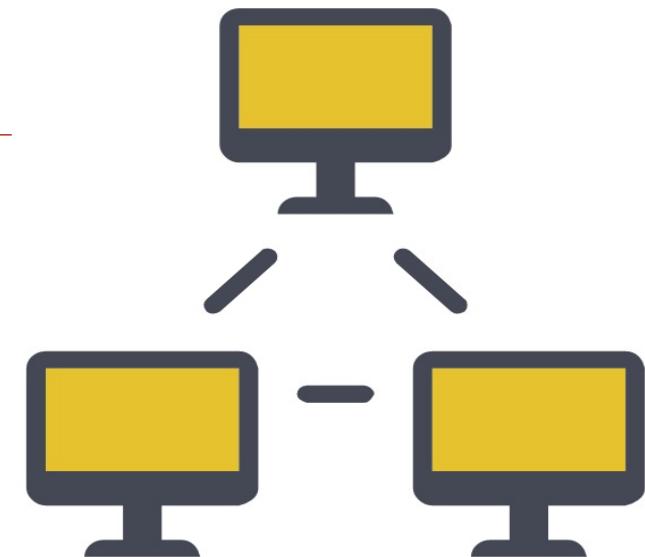
- ▶ **2.16** currently landing new feature patches
  - **LNet IPv6 addressing** – allow 160-bit NIDs, more flexible server configuration (SuSE, ORNL)
  - **Optimized Directory Traversal (WBC1)** – cross-directory statahead (WC)
- ▶ **2.17** has several major features already lined up
  - **Client-side data compression** – use client to reduce network and storage (WC, UHamburg)
  - **Metadata Writeback Cache (WBC2)** – low latency file operations in client RAM (WC)
- ▶ **2.18** feature proposals in early discussion stages
  - **File Level Redundancy - Erasure Coding (EC)** – efficiently store file redundancy (ORNL?)
  - **Lustre Metadata Redundancy (LMR1)** – MDT0000 service redundancy

- ▶ Multiple TCP sockets for 100GigE+ performance ([LU-12815](#), WC)
  - Add `conns_per_peer=N` for `socklnd` (4.1GB/s->**9.5GB/s** on 100GbE)
  - Auto-configure based on interface speed (e.g. 10Gbps=>N=2, 100Gbps=>N=4, ...)
- ▶ LNet Network Selection Policy (UDSP) ([LU-9121](#), WC)
  - Allow policies for local/remote interface prioritization by NID
    - e.g. primary IB with TCP backup, select "best" router NID for client/server

2.15

## 2.16 ▶ IPv6 NID support ([LU-10391](#), SuSE, ORNL)

- Variable-sized NIDs (8-bit type, 8-bit size, 16-bit network, 128-bit+ address)
  - Interoperable with existing current LNDs whenever possible
- ▶ Improved network discovery/peer health (many, HPE)
  - ▶ Simplified/dynamic server node addressing ([LU-14668](#), WC)
    - Detect added/changed server interfaces automatically ([LU-10360](#))
    - Reduce (and eventually eliminate) static NIDs in Lustre config logs
    - Simplified handling for IPv6 NIDs by clients



# Client Improvements



- ▶ **GPU Direct RDMA** - directly into GPU, bypass CPU ([LU-14798](#), WC, NVIDIA, HPE)
    - A100 2x200Gb IB **36GB/s** write, **39GB/s** read, **174GB/s** with 8x200Gb IB
  - ▶ **Parallel large DIO optimization** ([LU-13798](#), [LU-13799](#), HPE, WC)
    - Improve single-thread `read()`/`write()` (1.5GB/s->**15.8GB/s!**)
    - Particular benefits for AIO/DIO and `io_uring` in client kernels 5.1 and later
  - ▶ Client-side filename encryption, migration/mirror ([LU-13717](#), [LU-14677](#), WC)
- 
- 2.15 ▶ Improved "lfs find -printf" option for scanning files ([LU-10378](#), ORNL)
- 
- 2.16 ▶ o2iblnd cleanups for in-kernel OFED ([LU-8874](#), ORNL)
- ▶ Encrypted file backup/restore/HSM ([LU-14677](#), WC)
  - ▶ Buffered/DIO/mmap performance/efficiency improvements ([LU-13805](#), WC)
  - ▶ Ongoing code style/structure cleanup for upstream submission (ORNL)
  - ▶ Ongoing updates for newer kernels (ORNL, SuSE)



- ▶ ZFS 2.1 dRAID VDEVs - declustered parity and hot space (LLNL, HPE, Intel)
- ▶ `fallocate()` and `FALLOCATE_FL_PUNCH_HOLE` for ZFS ([LU-14157](#), AEON)
- ▶ Improved Idiskfs mrealloc efficiency for large filesystems ([LU-14438](#), Google, WC, HPE)
  - O(1) lookup of power-of-two free blocks, bias allocations to start of HDDs
- ▶ OST object directory scalability for large OSTs ([LU-11912](#), WC)
  - Large OSTs (500-1000TB) may have billions of objs, only 32 subdirs per MDT => 10M+ obj/dir!
  - Wider directory fanout not better, object create/remove accesses all dirs randomly
  - More OST FID Sequences (once per 32M vs. 4B objs), groups objs by age to improve efficiency
- ▶ Improved Idiskfs "-o discard" efficiency ([LU-14712](#), Kuaishou, WC)
  - Allow real-time TRIM of flash storage to maintain peak performance
- ▶ Parallel e2fsck for pass2/3 (directory entries, name linkage) ([LU-14679](#), WC)
  - Now slowest part of e2fsck (was 7% of total time, now **70%** after pass1/pass5 speedups)

- ▶ **DNE MDT Space Balance** - load balancing with normal `mkdir` ([LU-13417](#), [LU-13440](#))
  - Round-robin/balanced subdirs, prefer to stay on parent, limited layout inheritance depth
  - Keep MDTs within free inodes/space (`mdt.*.mdt_qos_threshold_rr=5%`)
- ▶ Single-dir migration - "`lfs migrate -m -d <dir>`" ([LU-14975](#))
  - Move only one directory level, instead recursing down full subdirectory tree
- ▶ Balanced migration - "`lfs migrate -m -1 <dir>`" ([LU-13076](#))

## 2.15

- Auto-select less-full MDTs for each directory, keep inodes local to parent

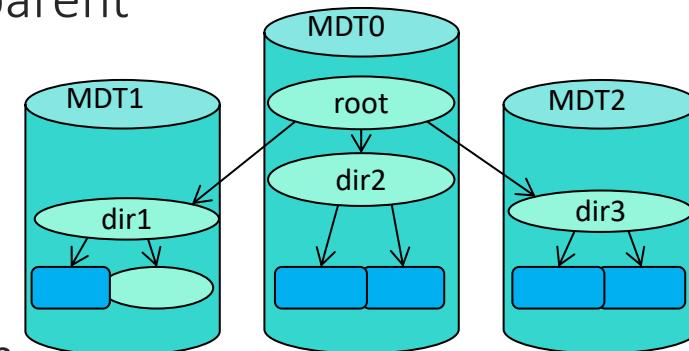
## 2.16

- ▶ DNE inode migration improvements ([LU-14719](#))

- Pre-check target space, stop on error, improved CRUSH2 hash

- ▶ DNE locking, remote RPC optimization ([LU-15528](#))

- Better distributed transaction performance, reduce lock contention



► **Batched RPCs** for multi-update operations ([LU-13045](#))

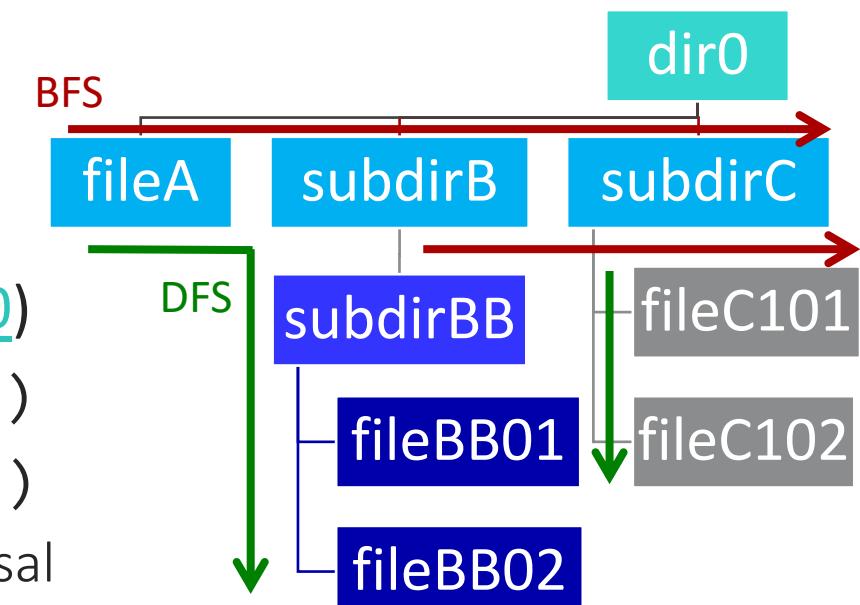
- Allow multiple getattrs/updates packed into a single MDS RPC
- More efficient network and server-side request handling

► **Batched statahead** for `ls -l`, `find`, etc. ([LU-14139](#))

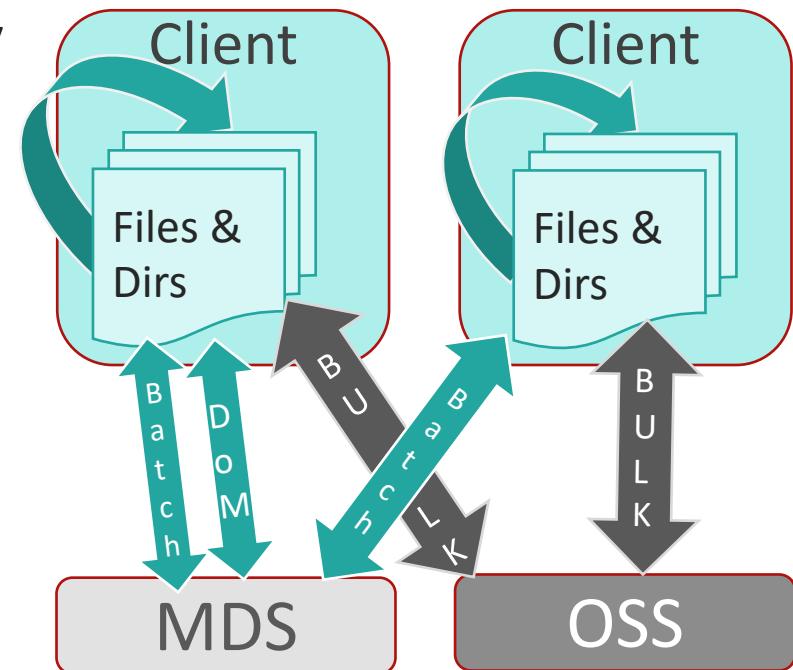
- Aggregate getattr RPCs for existing statahead mechanism

► **Cross-Directory statahead** pattern matching ([LU-14380](#))

- Existing statahead only detects `readdir()`-ordered `stat()`
- Detect pattern for alphanumeric ordered traversal + `stat()`
- Detect breadth-first (BFS) depth-first (DFS) directory traversal
- Direct statahead to next file/subdirectory based on pattern

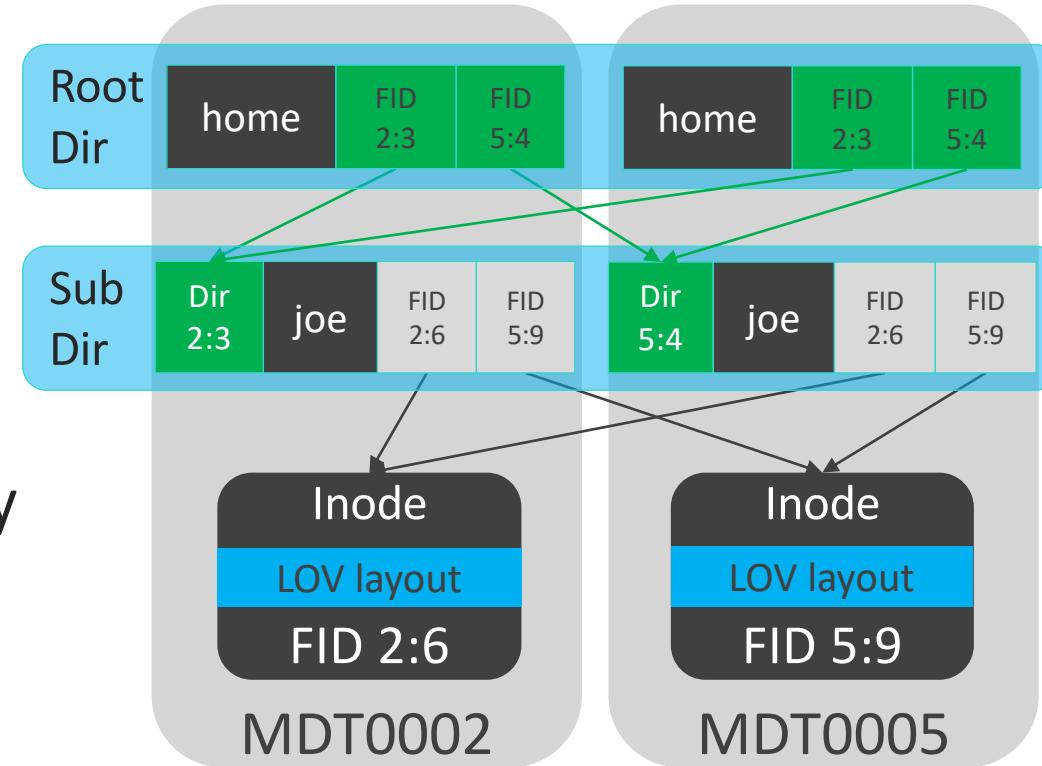


- ▶ Create new dirs/files in client RAM without RPCs
  - Lock new directory exclusively at mkdir time
  - Cache new files/dirs/data in RAM until cache flush or remote access
- ▶ No RPC round-trips for file modifications in new directory
- ▶ Batch RPC for efficient directory fetch and cache flush
- ▶ Files globally visible on remote client access
  - Flush top-level entries, exclusively lock new subdirs, unlock parent
  - Repeat as needed for subdirectories being accessed remotely
  - Flush rest of tree in background to MDS/OSS by age or size limits
- ▶ Productization of WBC code well underway
  - Some complexity handling partially-cached directories
  - Need to integrate space usage with quota/grant



In early discussion and architecture stages

- ▶ LMR1a: Replicate services to other MDTs
  - Mirror FLDB, Quota, `flock()` across MDTs
- ▶ LMR1b: DNE transaction performance
  - Transactions have excessive ordering/sync
  - Improves all DNE operation performance
- ▶ LMR1c: Replicate top-level dirs for availability
  - ROOT/ dir (rarely changed) mirrored over MDTs
  - No per-file metadata replication initially
- ▶ LMR2/3 phases needed for full redundancy
  - Full tree replication, inode replication, configurable per directory
  - Recovery, LFSCK, rebuild replicated directories after MDT loss





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**Thank You!  
Questions?**